Material Safety Data Sheet





The Most Preferred Brand in the Business

1. Product and company identification

Common name : Therma-Tru Finishing Kit Stain (English Walnut)

Trade name : English Walnut Stain

Code : MATT12EW, MATT8EW, MATTGEW, MATTGEW, MAFSPAK

Material uses : Stain coating for fiberglass doors.

Supplier/Manufacturer: Therma-Tru Corporation

108 Mutzfeld Road Butler, IN, 46721

In case of emergency : CHEMTREC, U.S.: (800) 424-9300 International: (703) 527-3887

2. Hazards identification

Physical state

_ .

Odor

: Liquid.: Hydrocarbon. [Slight]

Hazard status

: This material is classified hazardous under OSHA regulations in the United States and the

WHMIS Controlled Product Regulation in Canada.

Emergency overview

WARNING!

COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT

IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

 ${\sf CANCER}\ {\sf HAZARD}\ {\sf -CONTAINS}\ {\sf MATERIAL}\ {\sf WHICH}\ {\sf CAN}\ {\sf CAUSE}\ {\sf CANCER}.$

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid contact with eyes. Contains material that can cause target organ damage. Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Potential acute health effects

Eyes

: Irritating to eyes.

Skin

: Irritating to skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Inhalation

: Slightly irritating to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A3 (Proven for animals.) by ACGIH [Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light]. Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH, 3 (Not classifiable for humans.) by IARC [Iron (III) oxide]. Classified 1 (Known to be human carcinogens.) by NTP, + (Proven.) by NIOSH [Silica crystalline, quartz]. Classified A2 (Suspected for humans.) by ACGIH, 2A (Probable for humans.) by IARC [Silica crystalline, quartz]. Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH [Aluminum Oxide]. Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by

ACGIH [Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt]. Classified 3 (Possible for humans.) by

European Union [2-Butanone oxime]. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.



Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure

: Pre-existing skin disorders and disorders involving any other target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

United States			
Name	CAS number	%	
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	10 - 30	
Iron (III) oxide	1309-37-1	5 - 10	
Silica crystalline, quartz	14808-60-7	.15	
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	1 - 5	
Phenol, 2-(2H-Benzotriazol-2-YL)-4,6-Bis(1,1-Dimethylpropyl)-	25973-55-1	1 - 5	
Manganese dioxide	1313-13-9	1 - 5	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	64742-88-7	1 - 5	

Canada				
Name	CAS number	%		
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	10 - 30		
Iron (III) oxide	1309-37-1	5 - 10		
Silica crystalline, quartz	14808-60-7	1 - 5		
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	1 - 5		
Phenol, 2-(2H-Benzotriazol-2-YL)-4,6-Bis(1,1-Dimethylpropyl)-	25973-55-1	1 - 5		
Manganese dioxide	1313-13-9	1 - 5		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic	64742-88-7	1 - 5		
2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)ethanol	111-77-3	0.1 - 1		

4. First aid measures

Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact with eyes, rinse
		immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention.

Skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Inhalation : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical

attention

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get

medical attention.

Notes to physician : No specific antidote. Medical staff must contact Poison Control Center.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Combustible

Products of combustion: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

Extinguishing media

Suitable: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable : Do not use water jet.



Special exposure hazards

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Combustible liquid In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.



Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

United States

Product name Exposure limits

Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2006). Skin

TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States).

TWA: 350 ppm STEL: 1800 mg/m³

Iron (III) oxide OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2006).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

STEL: 10 ppm, (as Fe) 15 minute(s). Form: Total particulates

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Total dust

Silica crystalline, quartz ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2006).

TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction

OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable

TWA: 30 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Total dust.

TWA: 250 MPPCF 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable

Aluminum Oxide ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2006).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Dust

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction

Manganese dioxide ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2006).

TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Mn) 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 12/2001). STEL: 3 mg/m³, (as Mn) 15 minute(s). TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Mn) 10 hour(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006).

CEIL: 5 mg/m³, (as Mn)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic Manufacturer (United States).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s). Form: All forms.

Canada

Product name Exposure limits

Aluminum Oxide

Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2006). Skin

TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

Iron (III) oxide ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2006).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction

Silica crystalline, quartz ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2006).

TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2006).



TWA: 10 mg/m3 8 hour(s).

Manganese dioxide

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2006). TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Mn) 8 hour(s).

Engineering measures

Respiratory

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Eyes : Safety glasses. Skin Lab coat.

: A respirator is not needed under normal and intended conditions of use.

Hands : Natural rubber (latex).







HMIS Code/Personal protective equipment

of a large spill **Hygiene measures** В

Personal protection in case: Safety glasses, goggles or face shield. Impervious gloves. Full suit. Boots. Wear NIOSHapproved self-contained breathing apparatus or equivalent and full protective gear.

> Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the day. Follow good industrial hygiene practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state

: Liquid.

Flash point

: Closed cup: 49°C (120.2°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

Auto-ignition temperature

: 540°C (1004°F)

Odor

: Hydrocarbon. [Slight]

Relative density

: 0.99

Vapor pressure

: 0.27 kPa (2 mm Hg)

Vapor density

: 4.8 [Air = 1]

Evaporation rate

: 0.92 (Butyl acetate. = 1)

VOC

: 395.44 (q/l).

Viscosity

: Dynamic: 20 to 100 mPa·s (20 to 100 cP)

Solubility

: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity

Incompatibility with various

substances

: The product is stable.

Hazardous decomposition

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, reducing materials, combustible materials and acids.

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization

: Will not occur.

Conditions of reactivity

: Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.

Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat.



11. Toxicological information

Toxicity data

Product/ingredient nameTest / RouteSpeciesResultManganese dioxideLD50 OralRat3478 mg/kg

Acute Effects

Eyes

Irritating to eyes.

Skin

: Irritating to skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Inhalation

: Slightly irritating to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A3 (Proven for animals.) by ACGIH [Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light]. Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH, 3 (Not classifiable for humans.) by IARC [Iron (III) oxide]. Classified 1 (Known to be human carcinogens.) by NTP, + (Proven.) by NIOSH [Silica crystalline, quartz]. Classified A2 (Suspected for humans.) by ACGIH, 2A (Probable for human.) by IARC [Silica crystalline, quartz]. Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH [Aluminum Oxide]. Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH [Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt]. Classified 3 (Possible for humans.) by

European Union [2-Butanone oxime]. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the reproductive system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity data

Product/ingredient name

Species Test

Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light

Fish Mortality

Exposure96 hours

Result
Acute L0

Acute LC50 2.9 mg/L

Environmental precautions

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Products of degradation**
- : Products of degradation: carbon oxides (CO, CO₂) and water, nitrogen oxides (NO, NO₂ etc.). Some metallic oxides.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



14. Transport information

AERG :	128				
Regulatory information	Proper shipping name	Class	UN number	PG	Label
UN / IMDG / IATA Classification	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	3	UN1263	III	**
DOT Classification	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	3	UN1263	III	FLAMMBLE LIQUID
TDG Classification	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	3	UN1263	III	A

15. Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification : Combustible liquid

Irritating material Sensitizing material

Carcinogen

Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations : United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light; Iron (III) oxide; Silica crystalline, quartz; Aluminum Oxide; Manganese dioxide SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light: Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Iron (III) oxide: Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Silica crystalline, quartz: Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Aluminum Oxide: Immediate (acute) health hazard; Manganese dioxide: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found. Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	Concentration
Form R - Reporting	: Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	1 - 5
requirements	Manganese dioxide	1313-13-9	1 - 5
Supplier notification	: Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	1 - 5
	Manganese dioxide	1313-13-9	1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.



State regulations

: Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: None of the components are listed.

Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: None of the components are listed.

Florida substances: None of the components are listed.

Illinois Chemical Safety Act: None of the components are listed.

Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: None of the components are

listed.

Louisiana Reporting: None of the components are listed. **Louisiana Spill**: None of the components are listed.

Massachusetts Spill: None of the components are listed.

Massachusetts Substances: The following components are listed: Iron (III) oxide; Silica

crystalline, quartz; Aluminum Oxide

Michigan Critical Material: None of the components are listed.

Minnesota Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: Iron (III)

oxide; Silica crystalline, quartz; Aluminum Oxide; Manganese dioxide

New Jersey Spill: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: None of the components are listed. New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed. New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: None of the components are listed. Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: Iron (III) oxide; Silica crystalline, quartz; Aluminum Oxide;2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)ethanol Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Silica crystalline, quartz	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)ethanol	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).
Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).





Canada inventory

: Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

CEPA Toxic substances: None of the components are listed.

Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.
Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed:

Aluminum Oxide

Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are

listed.

Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components

are listed.

Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components

are listed.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian CPR and the United States OSHA. This MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR and OSHA, the American National Standard Institute (ANSI) Z400.1.

International lists

: This product, (and its ingredients) is (are) listed on national inventories, or is (are) exempted from being listed, in Australia (AICS), in Europe (EINECS/ELINCS), in Korea (TCCL), in Japan (METI), in the Philippines (RA6969).



16. Other information

Label requirements (U.S.A.)

: COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

HMIS RATING Health * 2 Fire hazard 2 Physical Hazard 0 Personal protection B

HAZARD RATINGS

4- Extreme
3- Serious
2- Moderate
1- Slight
0- Minimal
See section 8 for more detailed information on personal protection.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



References

: ANSI Z400.1, MSDS Standard, 2004. - Manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet. - 29CFR Part1910.1200 OSHA MSDS Requirements. - 49CFR Table List of Hazardous Materials, UN#, Proper Shipping Names, PG. - Canada Gazette Part II, Vol. 122, No. 2. Registration SOR/88-64, 31 December 1987. Hazardous Products Act "Ingredient Disclosure List" - Canadian Transport of Dangerous Goods, Regulations and Schedules, Clear Language version 2005.

Date of issue : 05/30/2007 Date of previous issue : 03/30/2007

Version : 2

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.